

# Financial Mathematics

## The binomial formula

$$(x + y)^0 \stackrel{x+y \neq 0}{=} 1 \qquad 2^0 = 1 \text{ terms}$$


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$$(x + y)^1 = x + y \qquad 2^1 = 2 \text{ terms}$$


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$$\begin{aligned} (x + y)^2 &= x(x + y) + y(x + y) \\ &= xx + xy + yx + yy \end{aligned} \qquad \begin{array}{l} \text{duplication} \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ \text{ } \end{array} \qquad = x^2 + 2xy + y^2 \qquad 2^2 = 4 \text{ terms}$$


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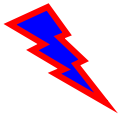
$$\begin{aligned} (x + y)^3 &= x(xx + xy + yx + yy) + y(xx + xy + yx + yy) \\ &= xxx + xxy + xyx + xyy \\ &\quad + yxx + yxy + yyx + yyy \end{aligned} \qquad \begin{array}{l} \text{duplications} \\ \text{ } \end{array} \qquad 2^3 = 8 \text{ terms}$$


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$$\begin{aligned} (x + y)^4 &= x(xxx + xxy + xyx + xyy + yxx + yxy + yyx + yyy) \\ &\quad + y(xxx + xxy + xyx + xyy + yxx + yxy + yyx + yyy) \end{aligned} \qquad \begin{array}{l} \text{duplications} \\ 2^4 = 16 \text{ terms} \\ \downarrow \\ \text{etc.} \end{array} \qquad \boxed{2}$$

Lots of duplications. . . e.g.

$$\begin{aligned}(x + y)^5 = & xxxxx + xxxxy + xxxyx + xxxyy \\ & + xxxyx + xxxyy + xxxyx + xxxyy \\ & + xyxxx + xyxxxy + xyxyx + xyxyy \\ & + xyyyx + xyyyxy + xyyyyx + xyyyyy \\ & + yxxxx + yxxxxy + yxxxxy + yxxxxy \\ & + yxyxx + yxyxy + yxyyx + yxyyy \\ & + yyxxx + yyxxxy + yyxyx + yyxyy \\ & + yyyxx + yyyxy + yyyyx + yyyyy\end{aligned}$$



Start over, avoiding duplications. . .

$$2^5 = 32 \text{ terms}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (x + y)^0 &\stackrel{x+y \neq 0}{=} 1 = 1 \\
 (x + y)^1 &= x + y = 1x + 1y \\
 (x + y)^2 &= x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = 1x^2 + 2xy + 1y^2 \\
 (x + y)^3 &= 1x^3 + 3x^2y + 3xy^2 + 1y^3
 \end{aligned}$$

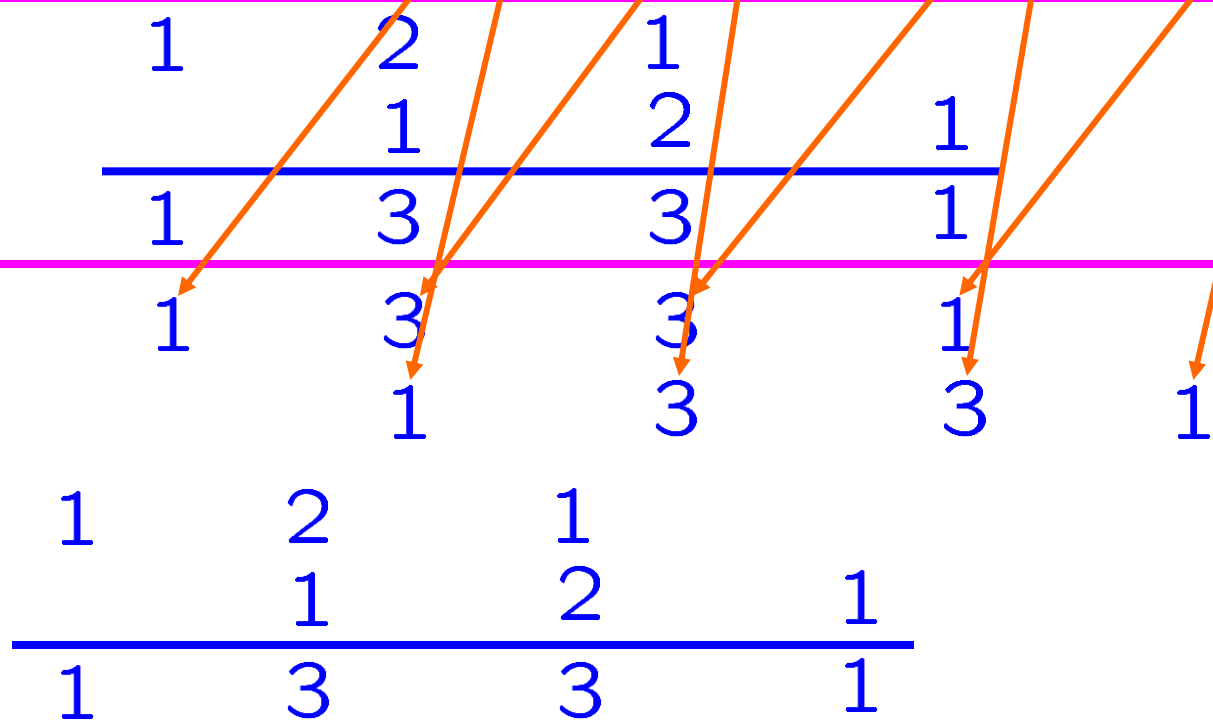
$$\begin{aligned}
 (x + y)^3 &= (x + y)(x + y)^2 \\
 &= (x + y)(1x^2 + 2xy + 1y^2) \\
 &= x(1x^2 + 2xy + 1y^2) \\
 &\quad + y(1x^2 + 2xy + 1y^2) \\
 &= 1x^3 + 2x^2y + 1xy^2 \\
 &\quad + 1x^2y + 2xy^2 + 1y^3 \\
 &= 1x^3 + 3x^2y + 3xy^2 + 1y^3
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (x + y)^0 &\stackrel{x+y \neq 0}{=} 1 &= 1 \\
 (x + y)^1 &= x + y &= 1x + 1y \\
 (x + y)^2 &= x^2 + 2xy + y^2 &= 1x^2 + 2xy + 1y^2 \\
 (x + y)^3 &= &1x^3 + 3x^2y + 3xy^2 + 1y^3
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (x + y)^3 &= 1x^3 + 2x^2y + 1xy^2 \\
 &+ 1x^2y + 2xy^2 + 1y^3 \\
 &= 1x^3 + 3x^2y + 3xy^2 + 1y^3
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 1x^3 + 2x^2y + 1xy^2 \\
 &+ 1x^2y + 2xy^2 + 1y^3 \\
 &= 1x^3 + 3x^2y + 3xy^2 + 1y^3
 \end{aligned}$$

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 (x + y)^0 &\stackrel{x+y \neq 0}{=} 1 &= 1 \\
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 (x + y)^4 &= &
 \end{aligned}$$



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 (x + y)^0 &\stackrel{x+y \neq 0}{=} 1 &= 1 \\
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 (x + y)^3 &= &= 1x^3 + 3x^2y + 3xy^2 + 1y^3 \\
 (x + y)^4 &= &=
 \end{aligned}$$

1	2	1		
	1	2	1	
1	3	3	1	
1	3	3	1	
	1	3	3	1
1	4	6	4	1

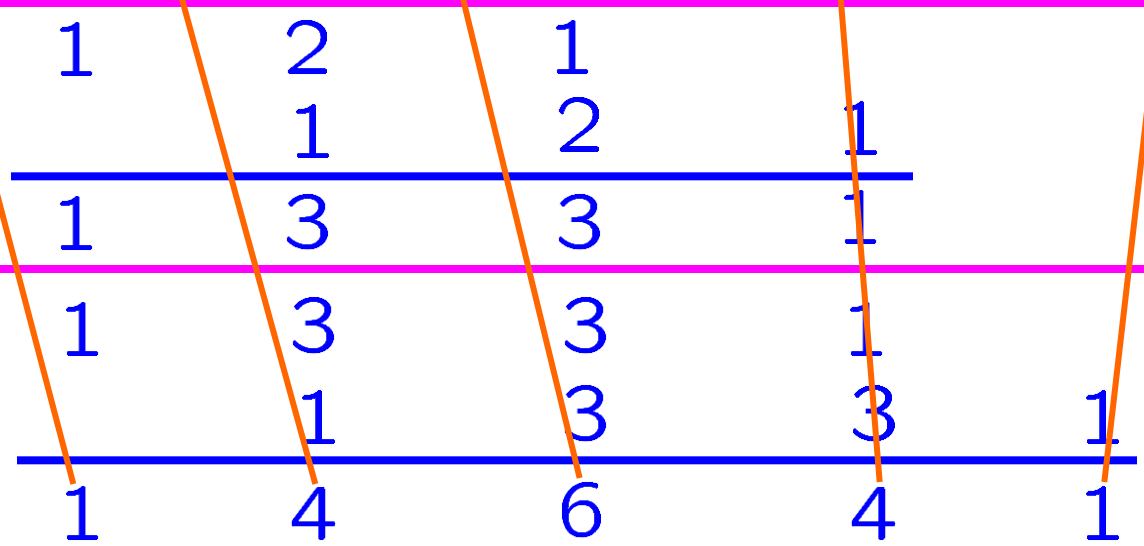
$$(x + y)^0 \stackrel{x+y \neq 0}{=} 1$$

$$(x + y)^1 = 1x + 1y$$

$$(x + y)^2 = 1x^2 + 2xy + 1y^2$$

$$(x + y)^3 = 1x^3 + 3x^2y + 3xy^2 + 1y^3$$

$$(x + y)^4 = 1x^4 + 4x^3y + 6x^2y^2 + 4xy^3 + 1y^4$$





$$\begin{aligned}
 (x + y)^0 & \stackrel{x+y \neq 0}{=} 1 \\
 (x + y)^1 & = 1x + 1y \\
 (x + y)^2 & = 1x^2 + 2xy + 1y^2 \\
 (x + y)^3 & = 1x^3 + 3x^2y + 3xy^2 + 1y^3 \\
 (x + y)^4 & = 1x^4 + 4x^3y + 6x^2y^2 + 4xy^3 + 1y^4
 \end{aligned}$$

Start with four *x*s.

Change an *x* to a *y*.

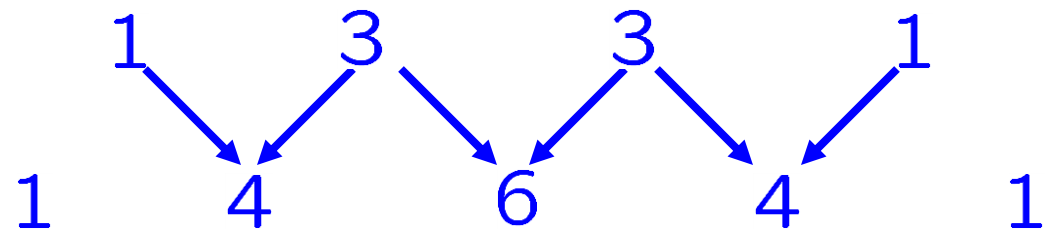
Continue...

until...

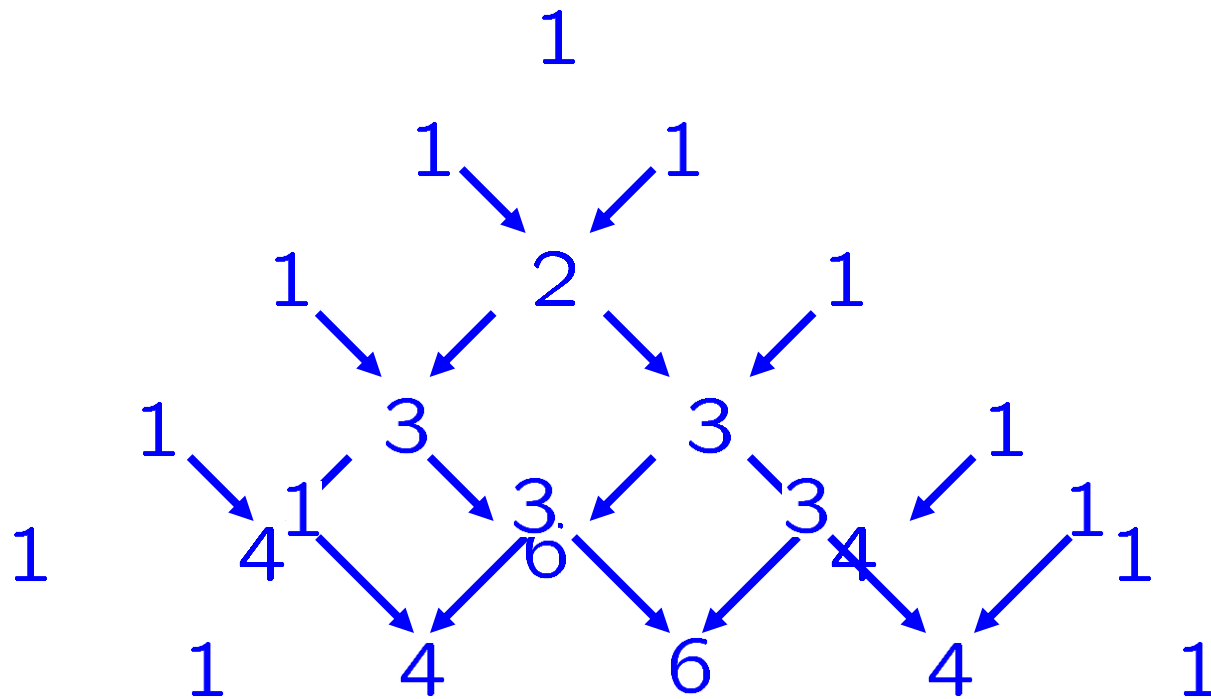
four *y*s.

1	3	3	1		
	1	3	3	1	
1	4	6	4	1	

Easier:



$$\begin{aligned}
 (x + y)^0 &\stackrel{x+y \neq 0}{=} 1 \\
 (x + y)^1 &= 1x + 1y \\
 (x + y)^2 &= 1x^2 + 2xy + 1y^2 \\
 (x + y)^3 &= 1x^3 + 3x^2y + 3xy^2 + 1y^3 \\
 (x + y)^4 &= 1x^4 + 4x^3y + 6x^2y^2 + 4xy^3 + 1y^4
 \end{aligned}$$



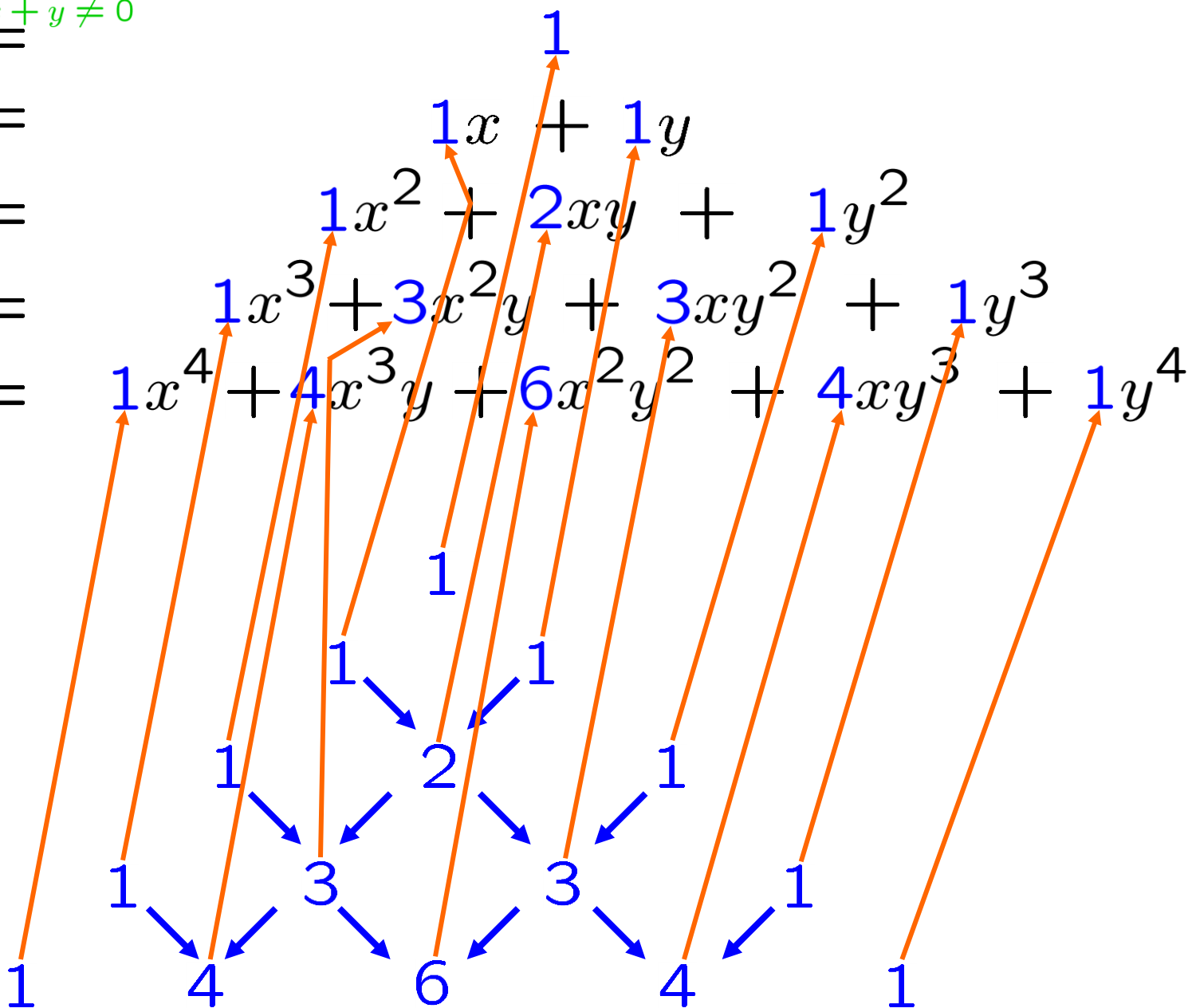
$$(x + y)^0 \stackrel{x+y \neq 0}{=} 1$$

$$(x + y)^1 = 1x + 1y$$

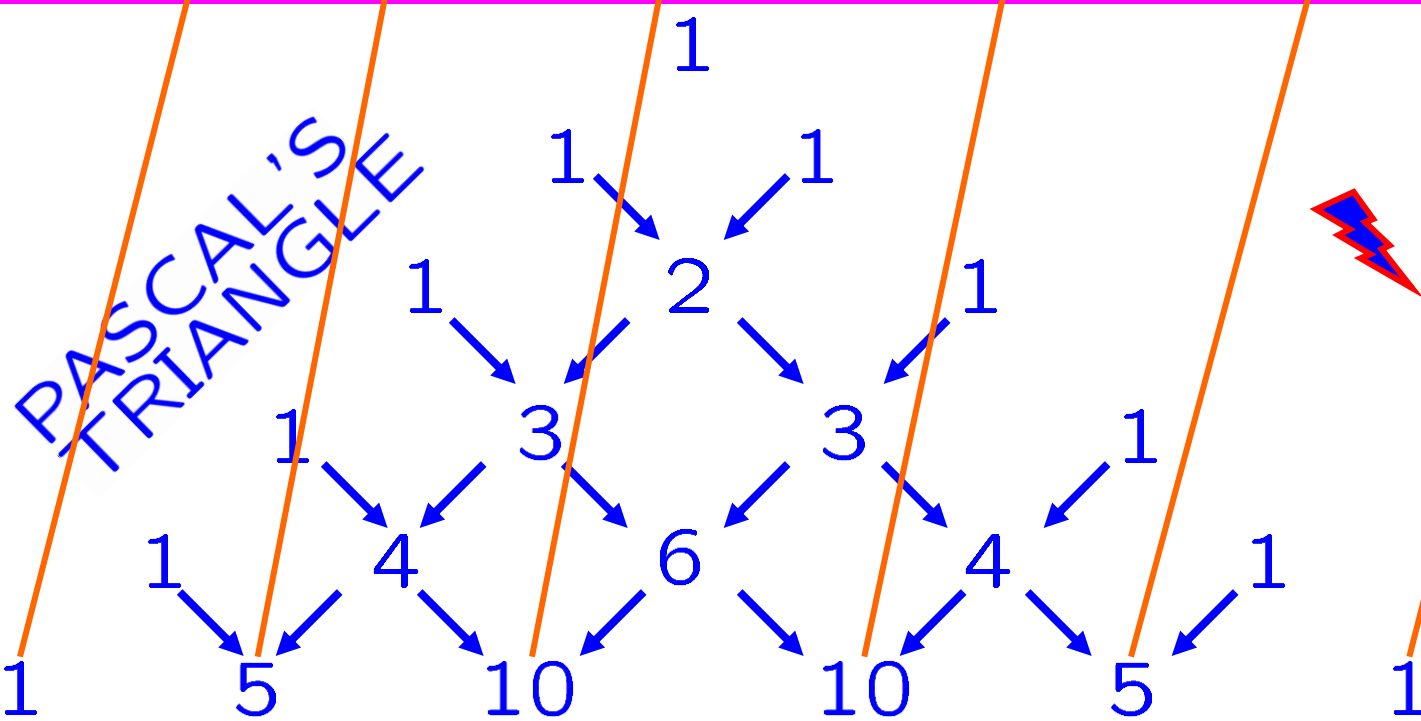
$$(x + y)^2 = 1x^2 + 2xy + 1y^2$$

$$(x + y)^3 = 1x^3 + 3x^2y + 3xy^2 + 1y^3$$

$$(x + y)^4 = 1x^4 + 4x^3y + 6x^2y^2 + 4xy^3 + 1y^4$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 (x + y)^0 &= 1 \\
 (x + y)^1 &= 1x + 1y \\
 (x + y)^2 &= 1x^2 + 2xy + 1y^2 \\
 (x + y)^3 &= 1x^3 + 3x^2y + 3xy^2 + 1y^3 \\
 (x + y)^4 &= 1x^4 + 4x^3y + 6x^2y^2 + 4xy^3 + 1y^4 \\
 (x + y)^5 &= 1x^5 + 5x^4y + 10x^3y^2 + 10x^2y^3 + 5xy^4 + 1y^5
 \end{aligned}$$



Question: How many  $x^2y^3$  in  $(x + y)^5$ ?

$$\begin{aligned}
 (x + y)^5 = & xxxxx + xxxxy + xxxyx + xxxyy \\
 & + xxxyx + xxxyx + xxxyx + \underline{xxxyy} \\
 & + xyxxx + xyxxxy + xyxyx + \underline{xyxyy} \\
 & + xyyyx + \underline{xyyyx} + \underline{xyyyx} + xyyyy \\
 & + yxxxx + yxxxxy + yxxxxy + \underline{yxxxxy} \\
 & + yxyxx + \underline{yxyxy} + \underline{yxyyx} + yxyyy \\
 & + yyxxx + \underline{yyxxx} + \underline{yyxyx} + yyxyy \\
 & + \underline{yyyyx} + yyyxy + yyyyx + yyyyy
 \end{aligned}$$

*xxyy*

*xyxy*

*xyxy*

*xyyx*

*yxx*

*yxyx*

*yxyx*

*yyxx*

*yyxy*

*yyxx*

position  
12345

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*xxyyy*

*xxyyy*

*xyxyy*

*xyxyy*

*xyyxxy*

*xyyxxy*

*xyyyx*

*xyyyx*

*yxxyy*

*yxxyy*

*yxyxy*

*yxyyx*

*yxyxy*

*yyxxxy*

*yyxyx*

*yxxyx*  
*yyyxxy*

*yyxxxy*

*yyxyx*

*yyyxxy*

position 12345	<i>x</i> positions	<i>y</i> positions
<i>xxyyy</i>	12, 345	
<i>xyxyy</i>	13, 245	
<i>xyyxy</i>	14, 235	
<i>xyyyx</i>	15, 234	
<i>yxxyy</i>	23, 145	
<i>yxxyx</i>	24, 135	
<i>xyyyx</i>	25, 134	
<i>yyxxy</i>	34, 125	
<i>yyxyx</i>	35, 124	
<i>yyyxx</i>	45, 123	

For *x*,  
choose two from  
{1,2,3,4,5}

For *y*,  
choose three from  
{1,2,3,4,5}



Question: How many  $x^2y^3$  in  $(x + y)^5$ ?

For  $x$ ,

choose two from  
 $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$

For  $y$ ,

choose three from  
 $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$   
two from  
 $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$

For  $y$ ,

choose three from  
 $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$

Question: How many  $x^2y^3$  in  $(x + y)^5$ ?

For  $x$ ,  
choose two from  
 $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$

For  $y$ ,  
choose three from  
 $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$

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Question: How many ways of choosing two objects from among five?

Answer: “5 choose 2”, written  $\binom{5}{2}$

$$\binom{5}{2} = 10$$

Question: How many  $x^2y^3$  in  $(x + y)^5$ ?

For  $x$ ,  
choose two from  
 $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$

For  $y$ ,  
choose three from  
 $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$

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Question: How many ways of choosing three objects from among five?

Answer: “5 choose 3”, written  $\binom{5}{3}$

$$\binom{5}{3} = 10$$

Question: How many  $x^2y^3$  in  $(x + y)^5$ ?

$$(x + y)^5 = \dots + \binom{5}{3} x^2 y^3 + \dots$$

Answer: “5 choose 3”, written  $\binom{5}{3}$

$$\binom{5}{3} = 10$$

Question: How many  $x^2y^3$  in  $(x + y)^5$ ?

Can reverse the coefficients, by symmetry...

$$(x + y)^5 = \binom{5}{5}x^0y^5 + \binom{5}{4}x^1y^4 + \binom{5}{3}x^2y^3 + \binom{5}{2}x^3y^2 + \binom{5}{1}x^4y^1 + \binom{5}{0}x^5y^0$$

The binomial formula

Answer: “5 choose 3”, written  $\binom{5}{3}$

$$\binom{5}{3} = 10$$

Question: How many  $x^2y^3$  in  $(x + y)^5$ ?

$$(x + y)^5 =$$

Binomial coefficients



$$\binom{5}{0}x^0y^5 + \binom{5}{1}x^1y^4 + \binom{5}{2}x^2y^3 + \binom{5}{3}x^3y^2 + \binom{5}{4}x^4y^1 + \binom{5}{5}x^5y^0$$

The binomial formula

Answer: “5 choose 2”, written  $\binom{5}{2}$

$$\binom{5}{2} = 10$$