CALCULUS Antidifferentiation problems NEVV

0560-1. Find all antiderivatives in
$$x$$
 of $4x^3 + 2x + \sqrt[3]{2}$.

0560-2. Find all antiderivatives in
$$t$$
 of $\left(5\sqrt[3]{t} + \sqrt[4]{t}\right)t^6$.

0560-3. Find all antiderivatives in
$$t$$
 of $\frac{\sqrt[3]{t} + 8\sqrt[4]{t}}{\sqrt[5]{t}}$.

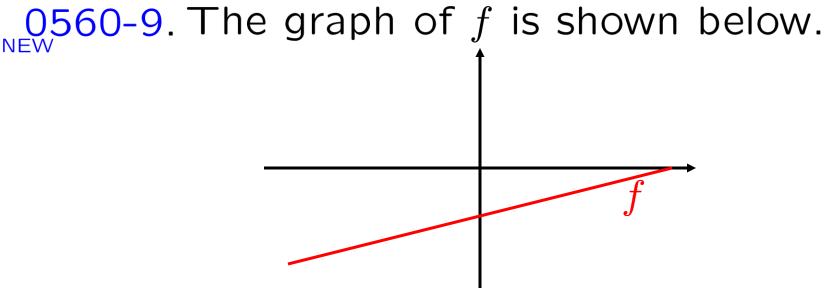
0560-4. Find all antiderivatives in
$$s$$
 of $\sqrt[3]{2}e^s - 5\sin s$.

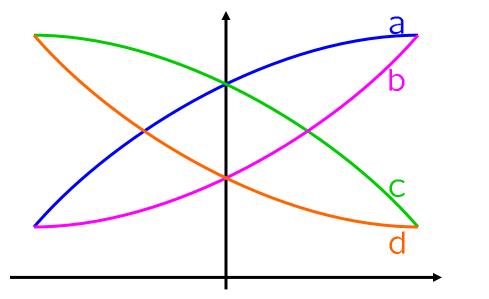
0560-5. Find the unique
$$f(x)$$
 such that $f'(x) = 5x^4 - 3x^2 - 2x$ and $f(0) = 2$.

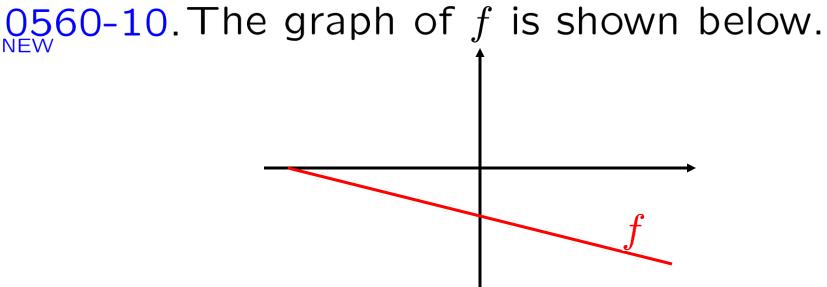
O560-6. Find the unique
$$f(x)$$
 such that $f'(x) = \frac{3x^2 + 4}{x\sqrt[3]{x}}$ and $f(1) = 8$.

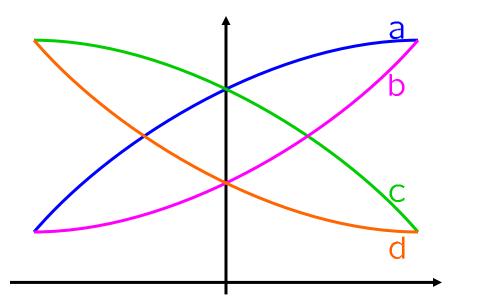
O560-7. Find the unique
$$h(t)$$
 such that $h'(t) = 2 \sin t - 7 \cos t$ and $h(0) = 2$.

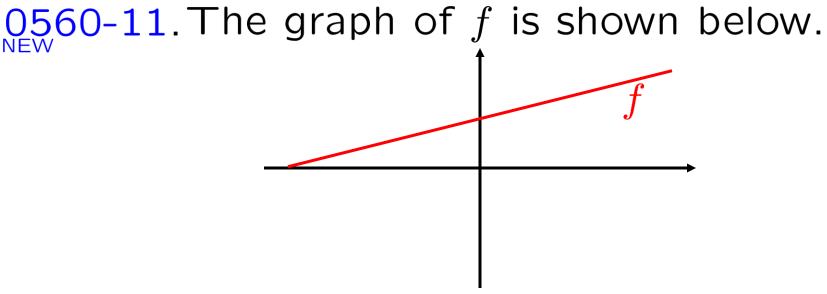
0560-8. Find the unique
$$p(t)$$
 such that $p''(t) = \pi e^t + 2t^3$, $p'(0) = 1$ and $p(0) = 2$.

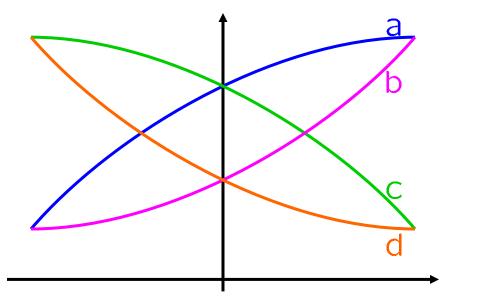


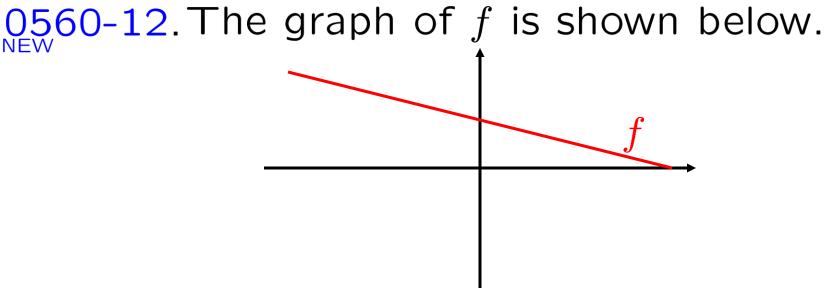


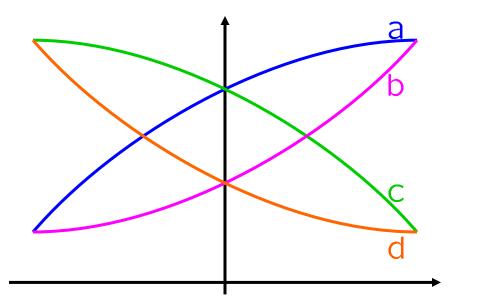












0560-13. A particle travels on a number line. Suppose

its acceleration at time t is $2t^2 + 3t - 1$, its position at time 0 is 4 and its velocity at time 0 is 1.

Find an expression for its position at time t.

0560-14. We drop a heavy ball out of a window in a tall building. Its speed at the moment of impact with the ground is 176 feet per second. From what height was it dropped?