

Homework #2 for MATH 5345H: Introduction to Topology

September 13, 2019

Due Date: Friday 20 September in class.

1. Suppose A_1, A_2, A_3, \dots are sets such that for each n , the intersection

$$A_1 \cap A_2 \cap \dots \cap A_n$$

is nonempty. Is it always the case that the infinite intersection

$$\bigcap_{i=1}^{\infty} A_i = A_1 \cap A_2 \cap A_3 \cap \dots$$

is nonempty? If so, prove it. If not, give a counterexample.

2. Let S, T and U be sets. Let $f : S \rightarrow T$ and $g : T \rightarrow U$ be functions. For each part, give a proof or a counterexample.
 - (a) If f and g are injective, must $g \circ f$ be injective?
 - (b) If $g \circ f$ is injective, must f be injective?
 - (c) If $g \circ f$ is injective, must g be injective?
3. Let A be a set, and write $P(A)$ for the *power set* of A ;

$$P(A) = \{S \mid S \subseteq A\}$$

Assuming that A has n elements, show that $P(A)$ has 2^n elements.

Also do these problems from Munkres' *Topology*: ch.1, §3, # 1, 4, 11.