

Point and Line at Infinity

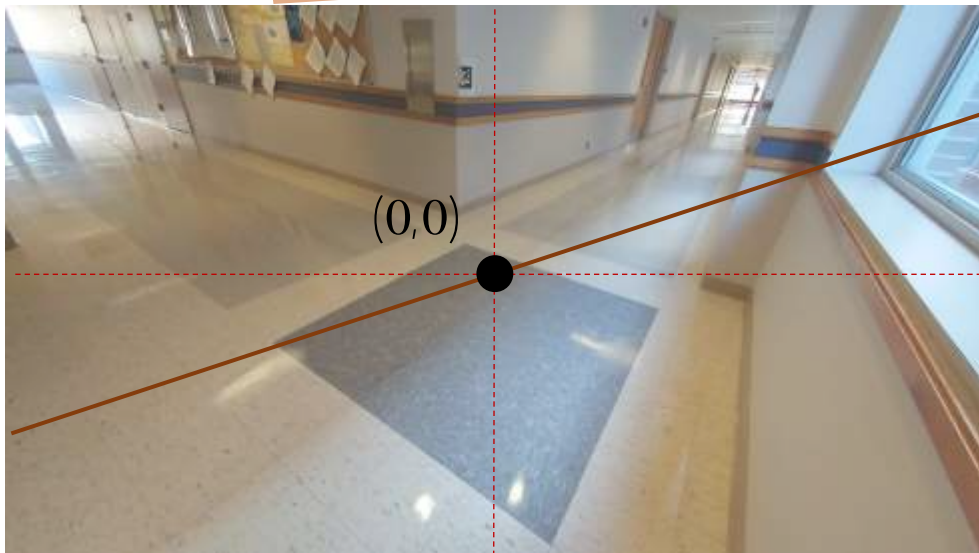
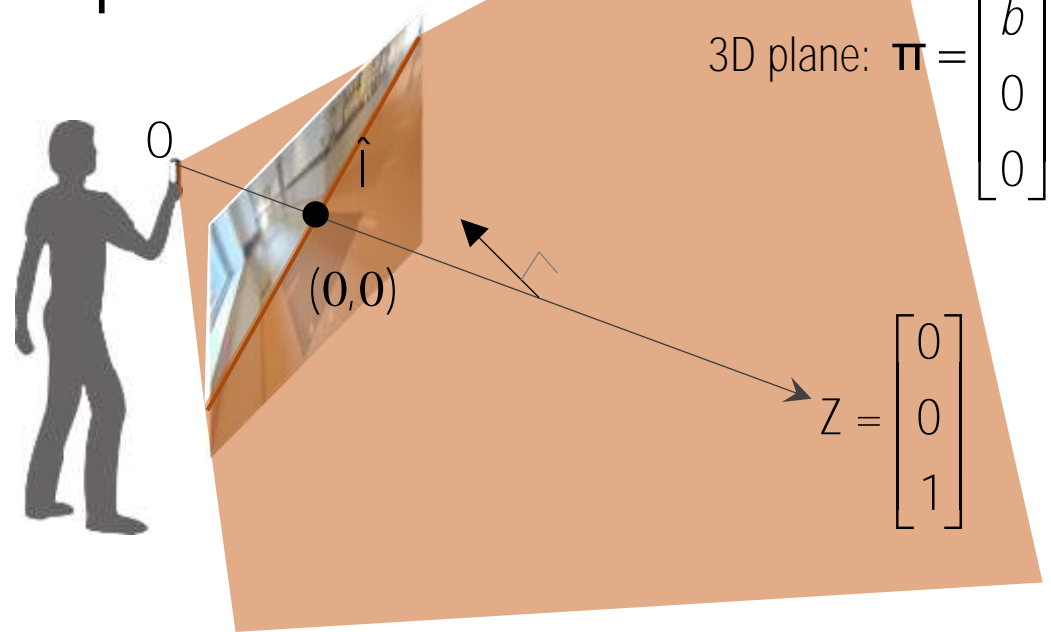
Special Case



Lines pass through the center of image

$$\hat{\mathbf{l}} = \mathbf{K}^T \mathbf{l} = \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

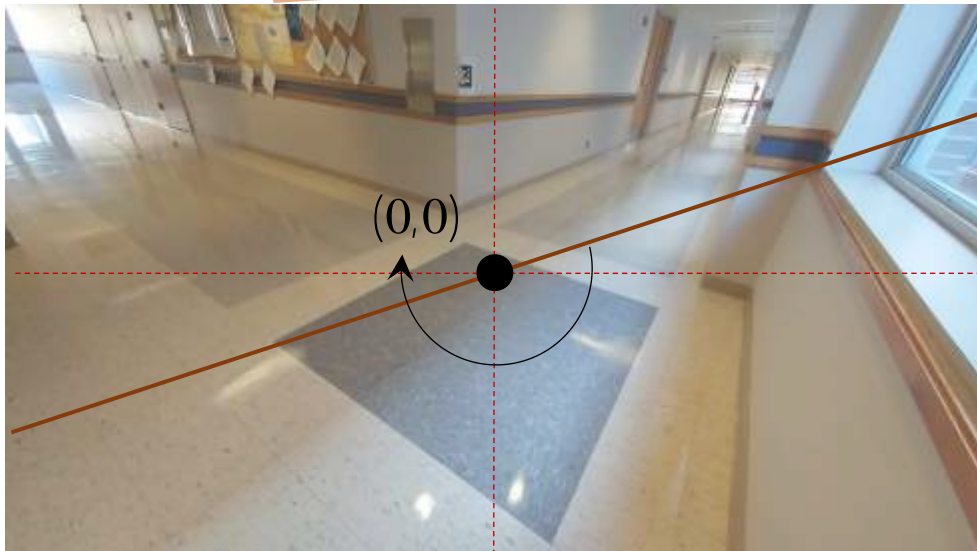
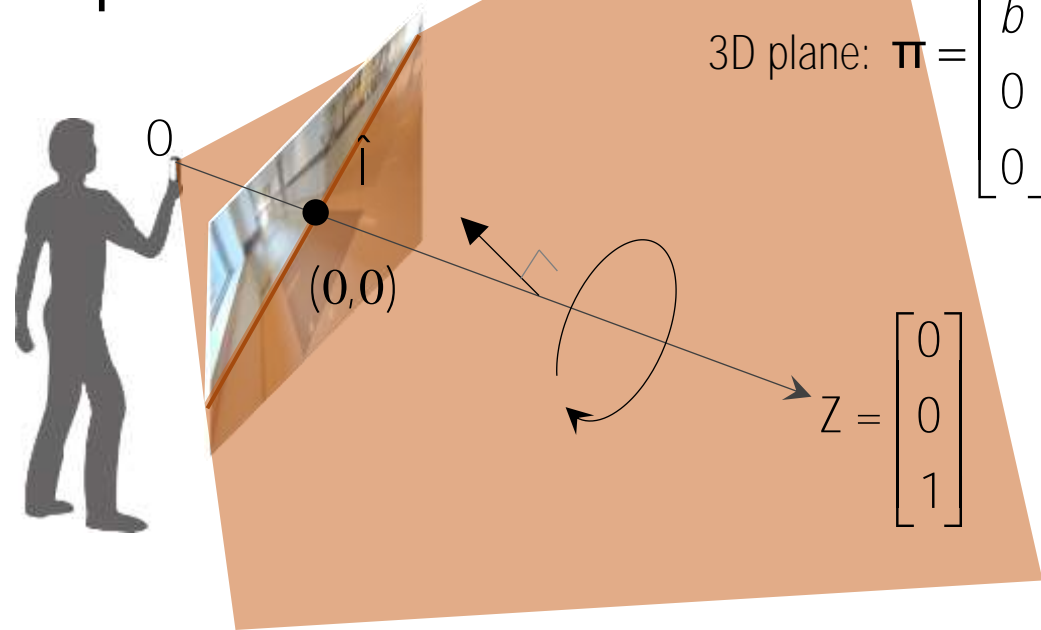
Special Case



Lines pass through the center of image

$$\hat{I} = K^T I = \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

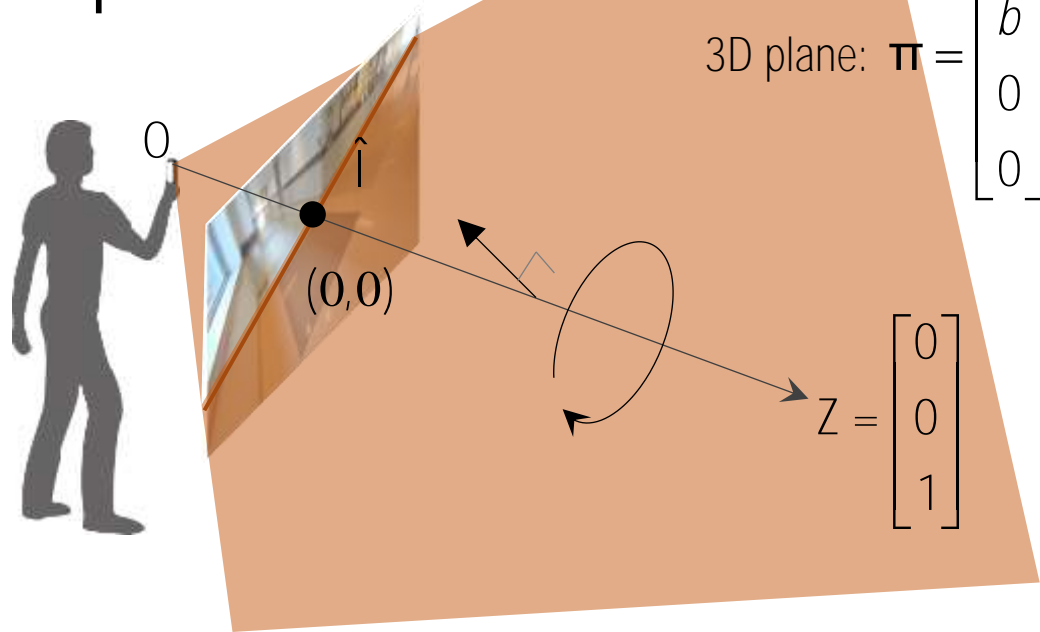
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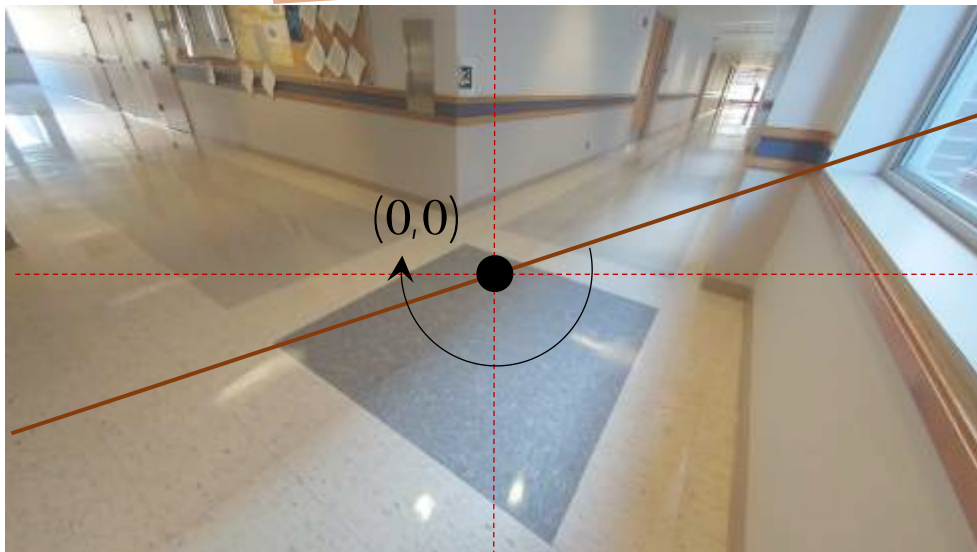
Special Case



When the last element of line, \hat{l} is zero:

- the line passes through the center of image.
- the surface normal of the 3D plane is perpendicular to Z axis
- the 3D plane is a plane rotating around Z axis

$$[a \quad b \quad 0]Z = 0$$



Lines pass through the center of image

$$\hat{l} = K^T l = \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Special Case: 2D Point at Infinity



$$l_2 = \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

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Special Case: 2D Point at Infinity



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The intersection of two parallel lines in an image:

$$x = l_1 \times l_2 = (c_2 - c_1) \begin{bmatrix} -b \\ a \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

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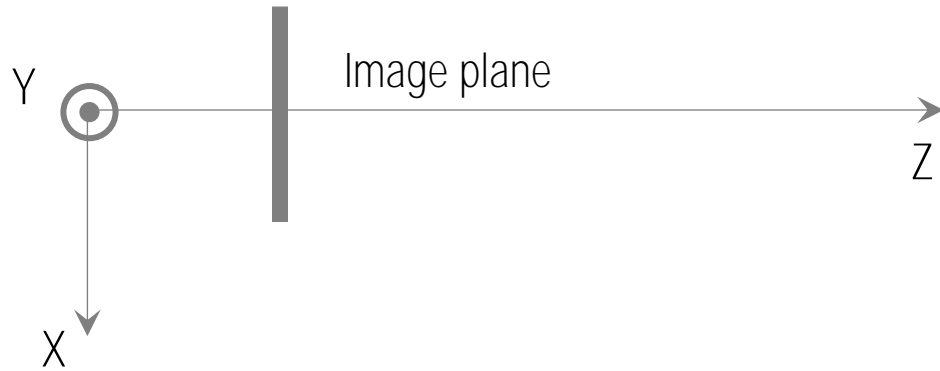
$$x = l_1 \times l_2 = (c_2 - c_1) \begin{bmatrix} -b \\ a \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

This point does not correspond to a finite point in the image because:

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} -b / 0 \\ a / 0 \\ 0 / 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Special Case: 2D Point at Infinity

Top view



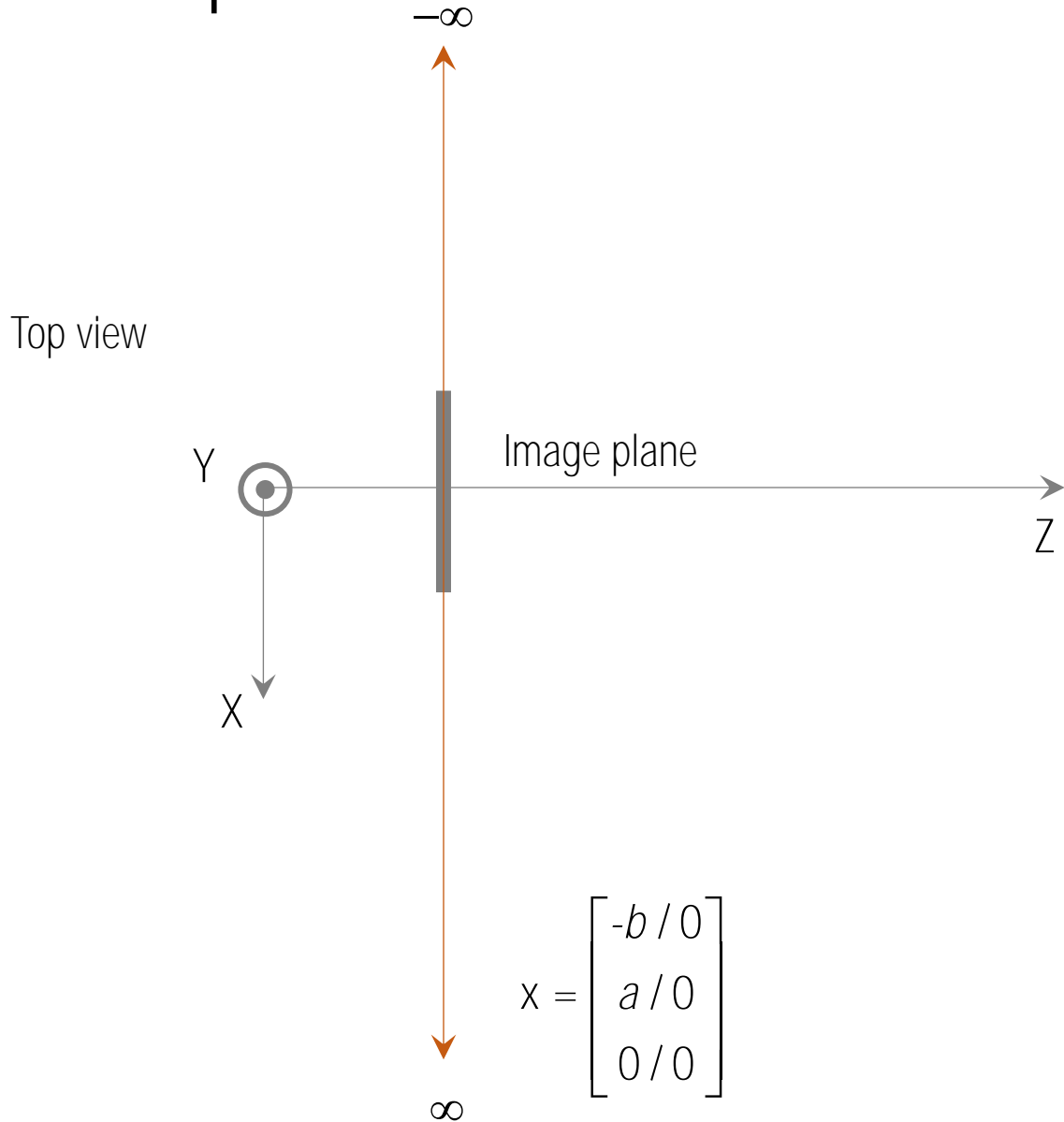
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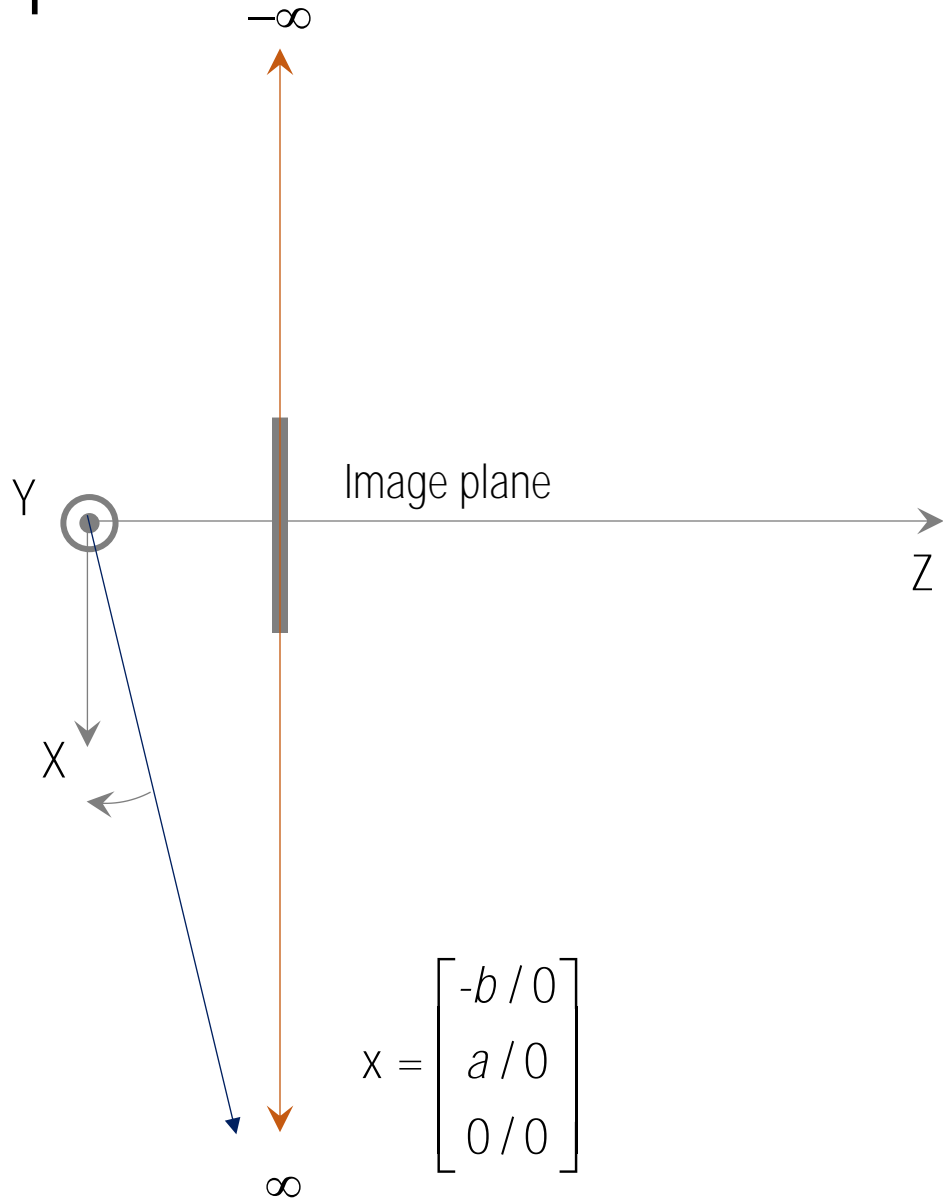
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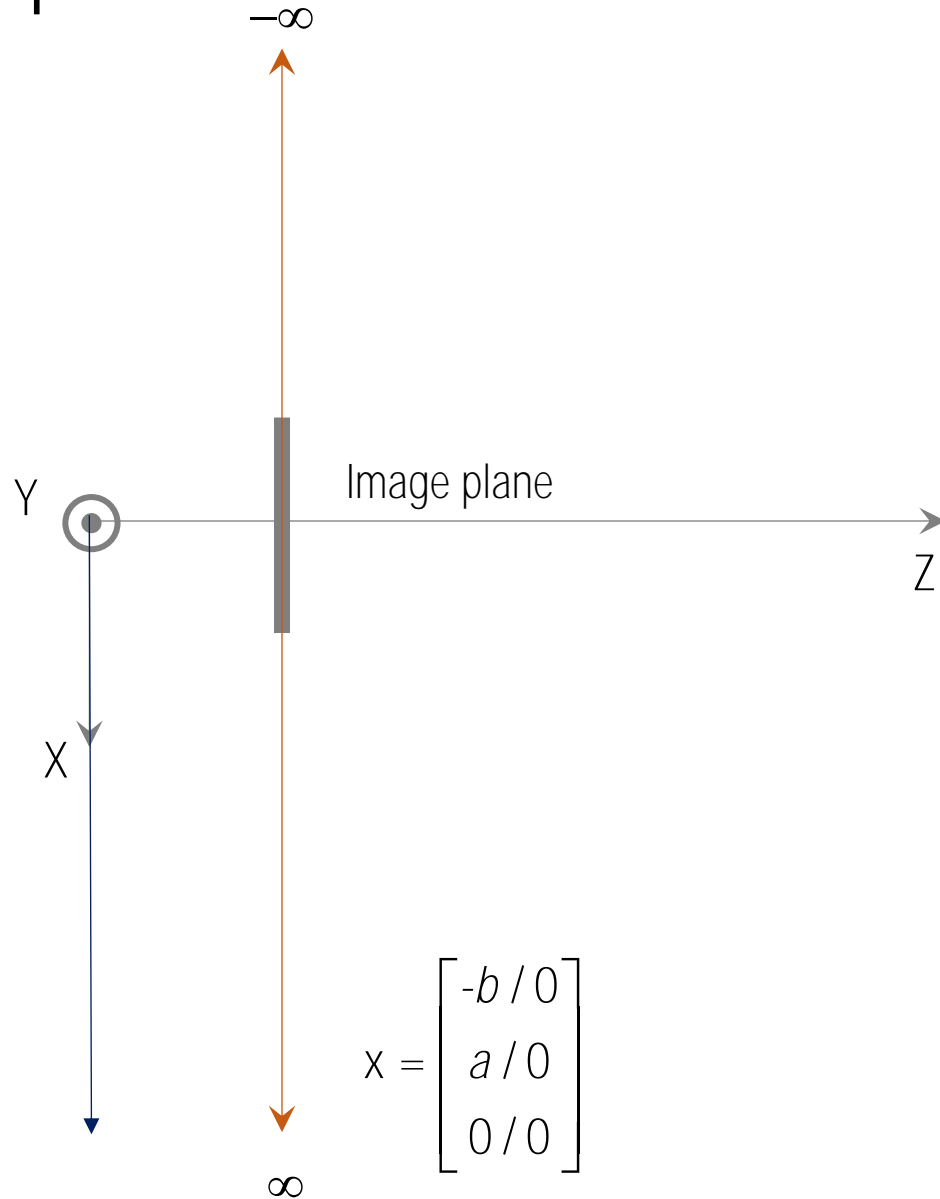
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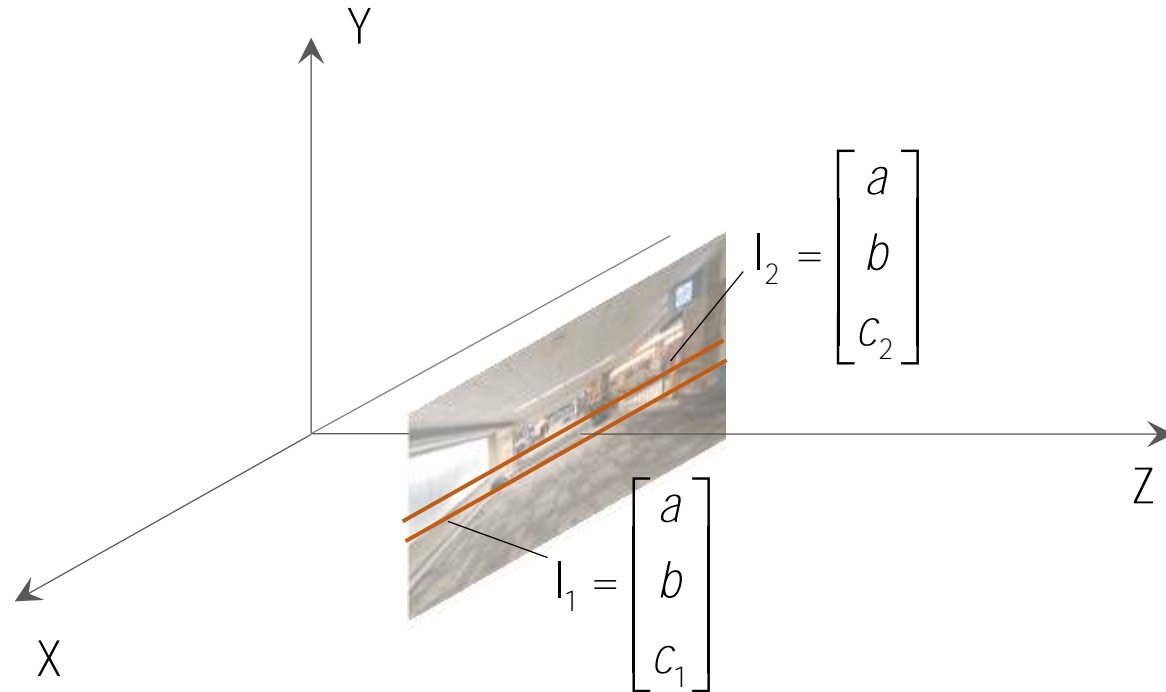
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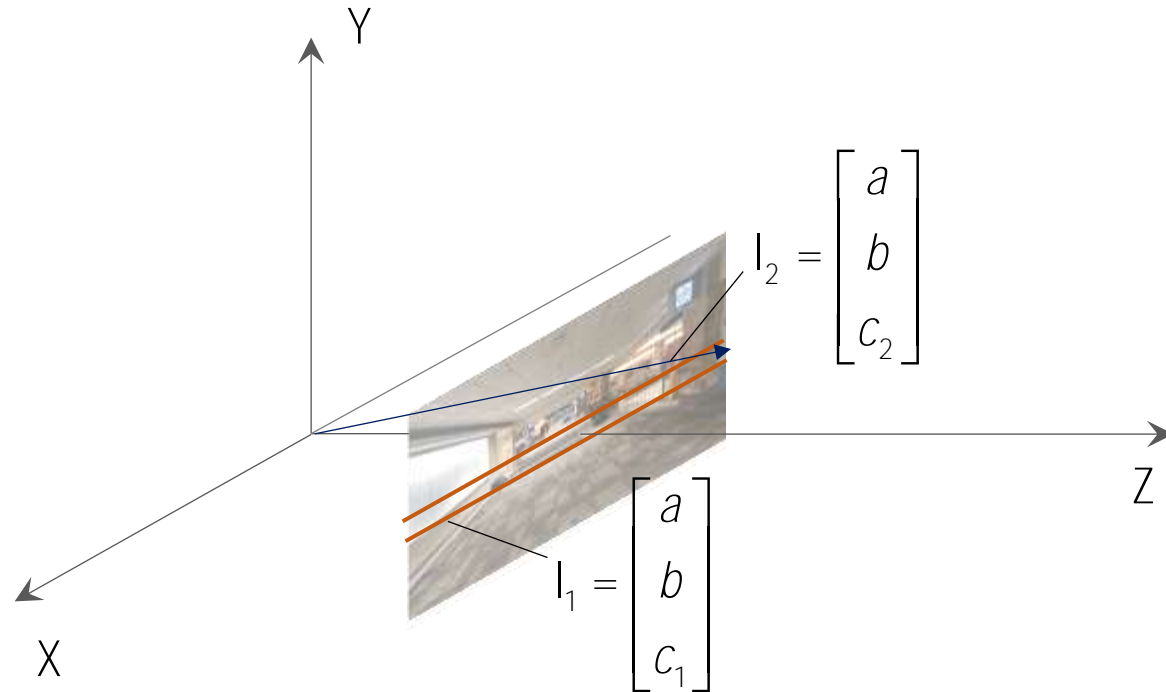
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Parallel lines intersect at the point at infinity:

$$\text{Point at infinity: } x_\infty = \begin{bmatrix} -b \\ a \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

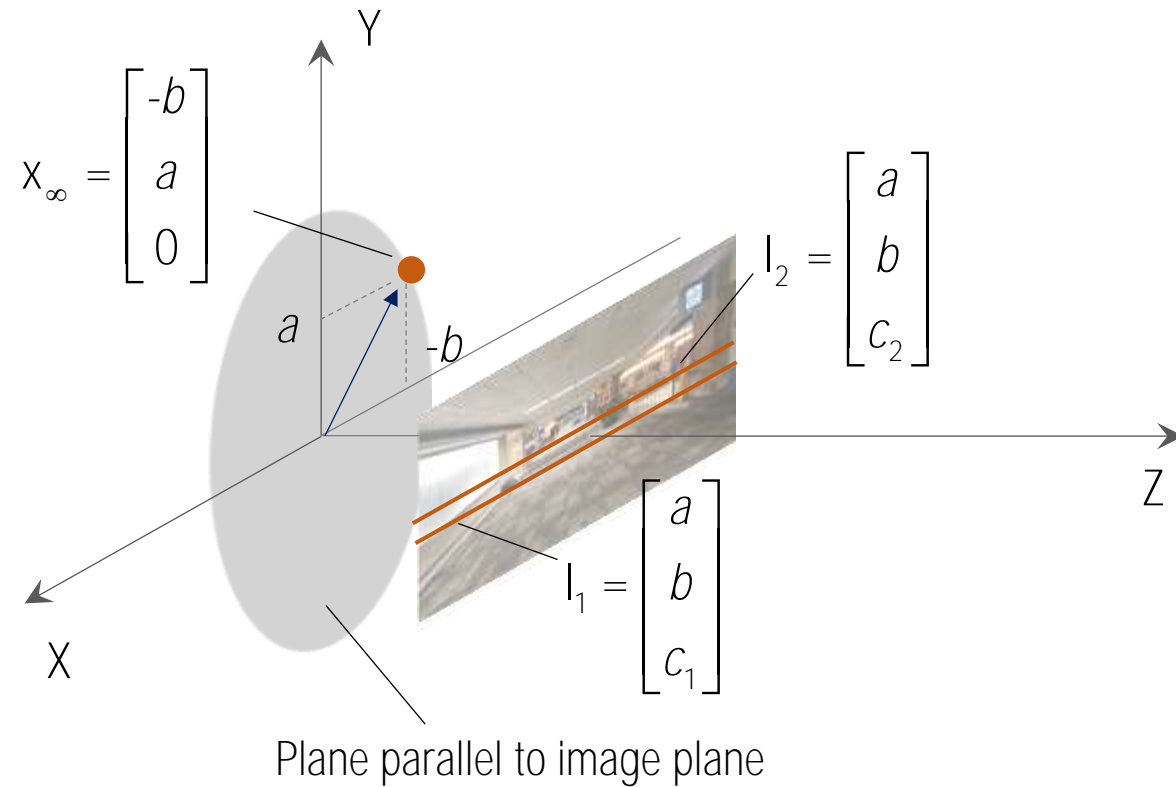
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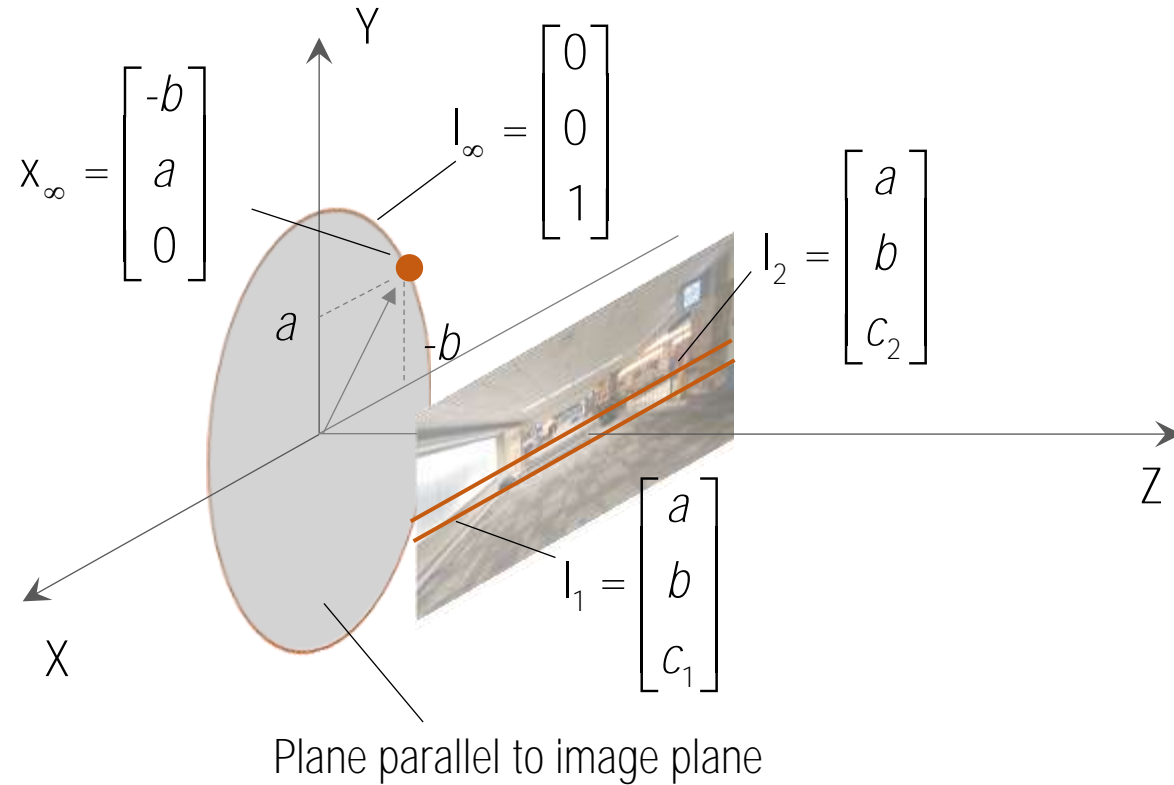


Parallel lines intersect at the point at infinity:

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A point at infinity corresponds to a direction.

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A point at infinity corresponds to a direction.

All points at infinity lie in the line at infinity:

$$I_\infty = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = Z \quad \because x_{\text{ideal}}^T I_\infty = 0$$

where the surface normal is parallel to the Z axis.