

CS 100: Simulation and Randomness

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Week 12-1

Logistics

HW6

- ▶ Due in 1 week
- ▶ Security Upgrades
- ▶ Term Paper Topics

Reading

- ▶ Pattern: Ch 8 Machines that Learn
- ▶ Zyante: Ch 7 Privacy

Schilling's Segregation Model

- ▶ Play with it here: <http://www.avanderw.co.za/schellings-segregation-simulation/>
- ▶ White is empty space
- ▶ City people are little red/blue squares, different "classes"
- ▶ People want to have neighbors w/ same class
- ▶ Tolerance threshold for like to not-like neighbors
- ▶ Too few like neighbors, move to a **random** empty location



Like	1
Unlike	5
Total	6
Ratio Like	1/6
Percentage	16.6%
Threshold	30%
Result	Move



Like	3
Unlike	4
Total	7
Ratio Like	3/7
Percentage	42.9%
Threshold	30%
Result	Stay

For Fun Disease Model

- ▶ Play with <http://mattbierbaum.github.io/zombies-usa/>
- ▶ Read about what is in the model here:
<http://arxiv.org/abs/1503.01104>
- ▶ Consider what's good and bad about the model
- ▶ What can one **learn** by playing with the model

Other Models

All models are wrong, but some are useful.

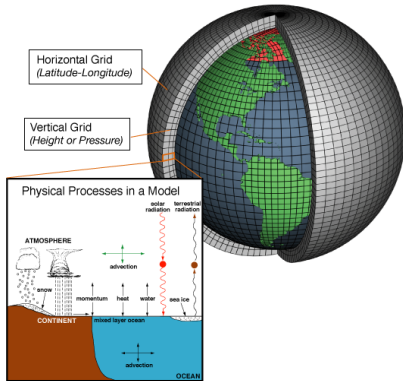
– George Box, Statistician

What other computer simulations affect your life?

- ▶ List at least 2
- ▶ What do you think is involved with the codes there?
- ▶ Could you run that code on your laptop?

Examples

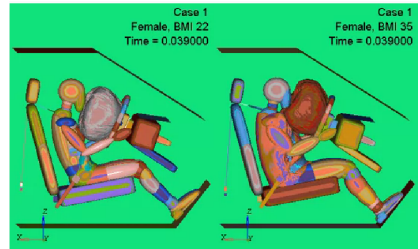
Weather Prediction



Source: Wikip Numerical Weather Prediction

Siri: Will it rain this afternoon?

Auto Safety During Crashes

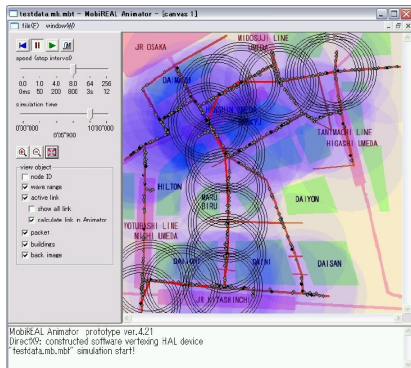


Source: Wikip Crash Simulation

Any volunteers to replace the simulated dummy?

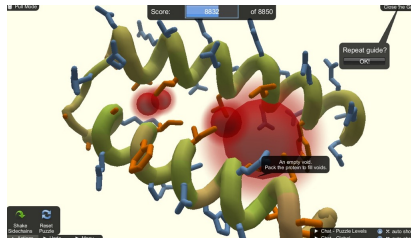
More Examples

Wireless Network Simulation



Source: Higashino Lab

Protein Structure Prediction



Source: Fold.it

Puzzle game that simulations biology, protein folding, disease and drug development research.

Can you hear me now?

Randomness

Chance Events

- ▶ Segregation: location to move to is **random**
- ▶ Chance events are good for **games** too



Source: [Alan's BlackJack Page](#)

Google Me This

- ▶ Are computers random at all?
- ▶ How does a computer produce **random numbers** or **random bits**?
- ▶ Are they really random numbers?

Pseudo-Random

A classic random number generator from *The C Programming Language* by Kernighan and Ritchie

```
/* Tracks state of random number generator */
unsigned long int next = 1;

/* rand: return pseudo-random integer on 0..32767 */
int rand() {
    next = next * 1103515245 + 12345;
    return (unsigned int)(next/65536) % 32768;
}

/* srand: set seed for rand() */
void srand(unsigned int seed) {
    next = seed;
}
```

Is there anything random about it?

Example Program

Random Draws

```
/* Draw 10 cards from a deck of
   52 cards with replacement */
int main(){
    srand(12345);
    int i;
    for(i=0; i<20; i++){
        int myrand = rand() % 52;
        printf("%2d ",myrand);
    }
    printf("\n");
}
```

Always produces the sequence

```
44  4 17 14 27 29 33  6 38 41
12 43 34 27 31 24 25 28 33  8
```

Code Explained

- ▶ rand() produces a positive number
- ▶ Range 0 to 32767
- ▶ Limit to 0 to 51 by dividing by 52 and taking remainder

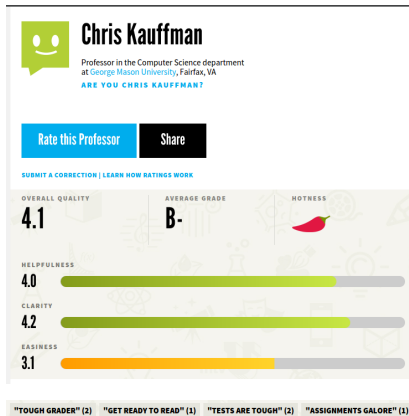
Random Numbers

- ▶ Pseudo-random sequences are deterministic: always produce the same sequence if you start in the same spot
- ▶ If you want a different sequence, start somewhere different
- ▶ Most common trick: **use the time of day** to *seed* the random sequence
- ▶ Since time changes all the time (smirk) will get you different looking random sequences

Note: incorporating technical details of random number generation would be good in a term paper technical component, explore common number generation algorithms, give code and properties.

Rate Anything!

- ▶ You're Running a Business Online
- ▶ Free web service
- ▶ RateAnything.com (currently available for purchase)
- ▶ Users can submit a person, place, or thing and start rating and feedback
- ▶ To make money: **sell ads**
- ▶ How do you choose what ads to sell?



Source: [RateMyProfessor.com](https://www.ratemyprofessor.com)

Data Associations

Rating A Person

CS Professor Ads for programming books

Politician Political ads

Dentist Ads for Toothpaste, electric toothbrush

Rating a Place

Vacation Hotel Ads for local tour, restaurant

Restaurant Ads for other restaurants, coupon books

Rating a Thing

Frying Pan Ads for tongs, spatula, new oven

New Car Ads for insurance, car wash

Getting Paid

- ▶ You get paid by advertisers every time people click on your ads
- ▶ Want people to click as much as possible
- ▶ Try to make ads relevant to
 - ▶ Object being rated
 - ▶ User interests
- ▶ Any idea how do do this with a computer?

Machine Learning Can Help

- ▶ Algorithms that can learn patterns
 - ▶ This object relates to this ad
 - ▶ This user is interested in this stuff
- ▶ Requires **information** in a machine friendly form
 - ▶ List of words in rated object description
 - ▶ List of objects user has viewed
 - ▶ List of ads user has clicked on, which they have ignored
- ▶ Most machine learning requires **training**
 - ▶ Explicitly label "this object is like this object", "this ad should be served for this object", "the user clicked on this ad and ignored this ad"
 - ▶ Can learn the patterns so that a new ad can be associated to new rated objects
- ▶ **Chapter 8 of The Pattern on the Stone** discusses some machine learning, more next time