

Math 5490
Topics in Applied Mathematics
Introduction to the Mathematics of Climate

Fall 2023
 1:25 - 3:20 Tuesdays and Thursdays
 Amundson Hall 162

Richard McGehee, Instructor
 458 Vincent Hall
 mcgehee@umn.edu
 www-users.cse.umn.edu/~mcgehee/

course website
 www-users.cse.umn.edu/~mcgehee/teaching/Math5490/

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Math 5490
The Future

Can We Predict the Future?
 More relevant question:
What Part of the Future Can't We Predict?

Solar System?
 Statistical Mechanics?
 Weather?
 Climate?

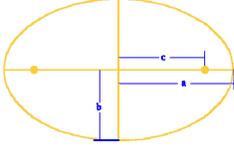
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The Future

Solar System

Planetary Orbits

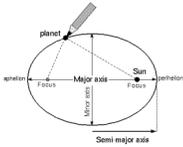
Kepler's First Law: The orbit of every planet is an ellipse with the Sun at one of the two foci.



Eccentricity = c/a



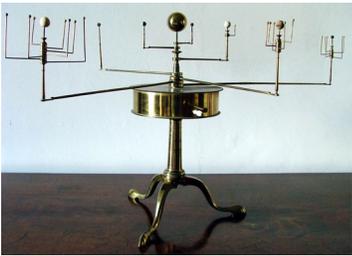
Johannes Kepler
 (1571-1630)



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Solar System



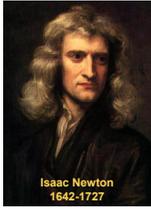
Orrery (circa 1820)

http://star.azm.ac.uk/orrery/mdpopescu_azmobs_orrery.jpg

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$$m_i \frac{d^2 x_i}{dt^2} = \sum_{j=1}^n \frac{Gm_i m_j (x_j - x_i)}{|x_j - x_i|^3}$$


Isaac Newton
 1642-1727



Jacques Laskar (1955-)

The orbits of all the planets can be computed (both forward and backward in time) for billions of years.

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Solar System

Earth's Semi-major Axis

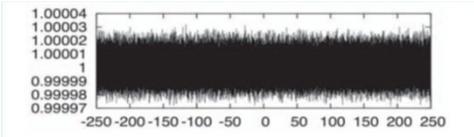


Fig. 11. Variation of the semi-major axis of the Earth-Moon barycenter (in AU) from -250 to $+250$ Myr.

Semi major axis does not change much and can be computed accurately for hundreds of millions of years.

J. Laskar, et al (2004) A long-term numerical solution for the insolation quantities of the Earth, *Astronomy & Astrophysics* 428, 261-285.

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Orbits of comets can be chaotic.

Jurgen Moser, *Stable and Random Motions in Dynamical Systems*, Princeton U. Press, 1973.



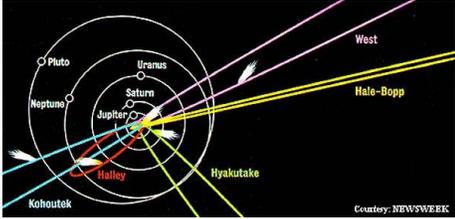
<http://spaceplace.nasa.gov/comet-quest/en/>

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Solar System

Orbits of comets can be chaotic.
timescale: millennia



<http://www.enterprisemission.com/comets.html>

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Solar System

Orbits of the inner planets are chaotic.
timescale: gigayears



Jacques Laskar (1955-)

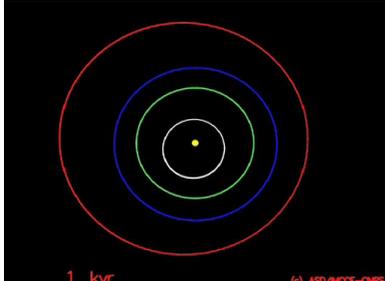
J. Laskar & M. Gastineau, Existence of collisional trajectories of Mercury, Mars and Venus with the Earth, *Nature* 459, 817-819, 2009.

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Solar System

Orbits of the inner planets are chaotic.
timescale: gigayears



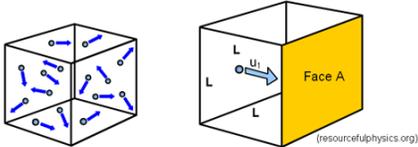
http://www.imcce.fr/Equipes/ASD/person/Laskar/jxl_collision.html

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Orbits of molecules in a gas are chaotic.
timescale: microseconds

individual particles chaotic → statistical mechanics → thermodynamics predictable



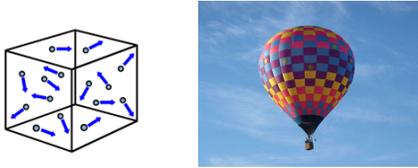
http://tap.iop.org/energy/kinetic/603/page_47443.html

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Orbits of molecules in a gas are chaotic.
timescale: microseconds

individual particles chaotic → statistical mechanics → thermodynamics predictable



http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Balloon_free_image.jpg

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Analogy with Climate

individual particles chaotic → statistical mechanics → thermodynamics predictable

weather chaotic → ?? → climate predictable?



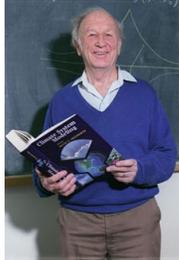

<http://agwx.soils.wisc.edu/>

<http://crooksandliars.com/2014/03/out-1085-peer-reviewed-articles-climate>

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Weather is chaotic.
timescale: weeks



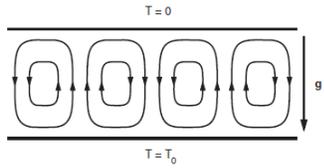
Ed Lorenz in 1994.
(©UCAR, Photo by Curt Zukosky.)

E.N. Lorenz, Deterministic nonperiodic flow, *Journal of the Atmospheric Sciences* **20** (1963), 261-285.

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The Lorenz Equations



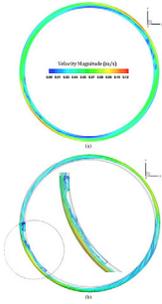
$$\begin{aligned} \dot{x} &= -\sigma x + \sigma y \\ \dot{y} &= \rho x - y - xz \\ \dot{z} &= -\beta z + xy \end{aligned}$$

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Chris Danforth's Hula Hoop

E.-H. Ridouane, C. M. Danforth, D. L. Hitt, A Numerical Investigation of 3-D Flow Regimes in a Toroidal Natural Convection Loop, *International Journal of Heat and Mass Transfer* **54** (2011), 5253-5261.

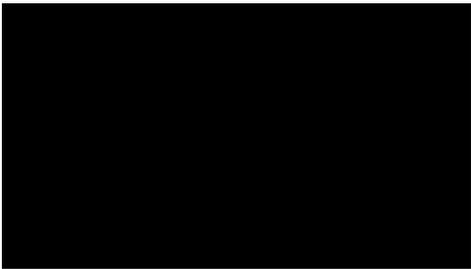



<http://www.uvm.edu/~cdanfort/main/home.html>

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Chris Danforth's Hula Hoop

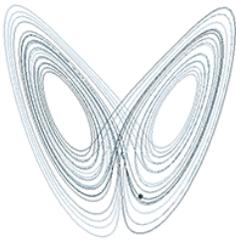


<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Vbni-7veJ-c#t=41>

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The Lorenz Attractor



$$\begin{aligned} \dot{x} &= -\sigma x + \sigma y \\ \dot{y} &= \rho x - y - xz \\ \dot{z} &= -\beta z + xy \end{aligned}$$

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lorenz_system

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The Lorenz Attractor



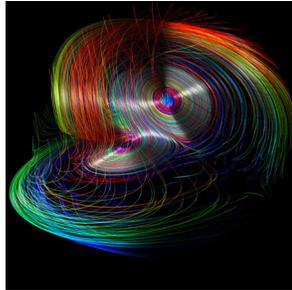
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<http://www.edc.ncl.ac.uk/highlight/rhnovember2006g02.php>

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The Lorenz Attractor



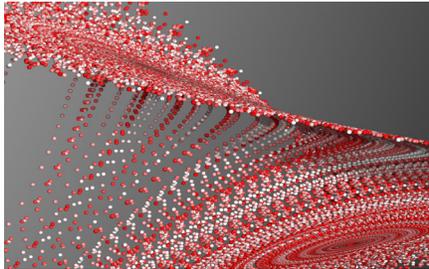
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<http://www.cs.swan.ac.uk/~cstony/research/star/>

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The Lorenz Attractor



$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x} &= -\sigma x + \sigma y \\ \dot{y} &= \rho x - y - xz \\ \dot{z} &= -\beta z + xy\end{aligned}$$

<http://safepit.deviantart.com/art/Lorenz-Attractor-2-107809554>

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The Lorenz Attractor



$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x} &= -\sigma x + \sigma y \\ \dot{y} &= \rho x - y - xz \\ \dot{z} &= -\beta z + xy\end{aligned}$$

<http://pikkit.com/i/lorenz-attractor-by-xoill-needleside-loic-lavenu/>

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The Lorenz Attractor



$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x} &= -\sigma x + \sigma y \\ \dot{y} &= \rho x - y - xz \\ \dot{z} &= -\beta z + xy\end{aligned}$$

<http://www.spreadshirt.com/chaotic-good-lorenz-attractor-C3376A8822413>

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The Lorenz Attractor



$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x} &= -\sigma x + \sigma y \\ \dot{y} &= \rho x - y - xz \\ \dot{z} &= -\beta z + xy\end{aligned}$$

The Lorenz attractor has a positive Lyapunov exponent. *I.e.*, nearby solutions diverge exponentially.

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lorenz_system

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The Lorenz Attractor



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FYE4JKAXSY>

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The Lorenz Attractor

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x} &= -\sigma x + \sigma y \\ \dot{y} &= \rho x - y - xz \\ \dot{z} &= -\beta z + xy\end{aligned}$$

You can download a MATLAB function to make your own Lorenz attractor images:

<http://www.mathworks.com/matlabcentral/fileexchange/30066-lorenz-attaractor-plot>

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Climate vs Weather

Meteorology
The climate is the 30 year average of the weather.

Dynamical Systems
The climate is the attractor; the weather is the flow on the attractor.

Stochastic Systems
The climate is the probability distribution of the weather.

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Climate vs Weather

If we can't predict the weather, how can we predict the climate?

Perhaps statistical mechanics provides hope.

individual particles **chaotic** → statistical mechanics → thermodynamics **predictable**

weather **chaotic** → ?? → climate **predictable ??**

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Which aspects of the climate are predictable?

| | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Perhaps Predictable | Perhaps Not |
| Global Mean Surface Temperature | Rainfall |
| Ocean Temperature | Droughts |
| Sea Ice Extent | Floods |
| Glacier and Ice Sheet Retreat | Biological Pump |
| Permafrost Melt | Ecosystems |
| | Political/Economic Response |

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Next Week

Student Presentations

Wrap up

Course Evaluation

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