## Math 5286 Honors fundamental structures of algebra– 2nd semester Spring 2019, Vic Reiner Midterm exam 2- Due Wednesday April 17, in class

**Instructions:** There are 4 problems. This is an open book, open library, open notes, open web, take-home exam, but you are *not* allowed to collaborate. The instructor is the only human source you are allowed to consult.

1. (40 points total, 5 points each part) True or False? True assertions must be proven, and false assertions must be disproven.

(a) For a prime p, any irreducible f(x) in  $\mathbb{F}_p[x]$  that has at least one root in  $\mathbb{F}_{p^d}$  will split completely in  $\mathbb{F}_{p^d}[x]$ , that is,  $f(x) = c \prod_{i=1}^n (x - \alpha_i)$  with  $\alpha_i$  in  $\mathbb{F}_{p^d}$ .

(b) The polynomial  $f(x) = x^{33} + x^{32} - x^2 - x$  splits completely in  $\mathbb{F}_{2^{701}}[x]$ .

(c) The finite field  $\mathbb{F}_{37^2}$  is a splitting field over  $\mathbb{F}_{37}$  for  $f(x) = x^2 - 1$  in  $\mathbb{F}_{37}[x]$ .

(d) The finite field  $\mathbb{F}_{2^{701}}$  contains  $\mathbb{F}_{2^5}$  as a subfield.

(e) For any positive integers d, e, the compositum  $\mathbb{K}_1 \mathbb{K}_2$  within  $\mathbb{R}$  of the two subfields  $\mathbb{K}_1 = \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt[d]{5})$  and  $\mathbb{K}_2 = \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt[d]{5})$  is  $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt[d]{5})$ 

(f) There exists a field isomorphism  $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt[2]{5}) \cong \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt[2]{11})$ .

(g) Every field extension  $\mathbb{K}/\mathbb{Q}$  with  $[\mathbb{K}:\mathbb{Q}] = 2$  is Galois.

(h) Every field extension  $\mathbb{K}/\mathbb{Q}$  with  $[\mathbb{K}:\mathbb{Q}] = 4$  is Galois.

## 2. (20 points total; 10 points each part)

- (a) (10 points) Prove that  $x^{15} 17$  is irreducible in  $\mathbb{Q}[x]$ .
- (b) (10 points) Prove that  $x^5 \sqrt[3]{17}$  is irreducible in  $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt[3]{17})[x]$ .

3. (20 points total; 10 points each part) Let p be a prime number.

(a) Give a formula, as a function of p, for the number of monic irreducible polynomials f(x) in  $\mathbb{F}_p[x]$  of degree 5.

(b) Give a formula, as a function of p, for the number of monic irreducible polynomials f(x) in  $\mathbb{F}_p[x]$  of degree 15.

4. (20 points total; 5 points each part) Let  $\alpha = +\sqrt[4]{7}$  be the positive real fourth root of 7, and let  $\mathbb{K} = \mathbb{Q}(\alpha)$ .

(a) What is  $[\mathbb{K} : \mathbb{Q}]$ ? Prove your answer.

- (b) Prove or disprove: there exists  $\sigma$  in  $G(\mathbb{K}/\mathbb{Q})$  with  $\sigma(\sqrt{7}) = -\sqrt{7}$ .
- (c) Describe the group  $G(\mathbb{K}/\mathbb{Q})$  explicitly in this case.

(d) Among all extensions  $\mathbb{K}'$  of  $\mathbb{K}$  for which  $\mathbb{K}'/\mathbb{Q}$  is Galois, what is the smallest possible extension degree  $[\mathbb{K}' : \mathbb{Q}]$ ? Prove your answer.