Math 2374	Name (Print):	
Spring 2010	Student ID:	
Final	Section Number:	
May 10, 2010	Teaching Assistant:	
Time Limit: 3 hours	_	
	0	

This exam contains 12 pages (including this cover page) and 10 problems. Check to see if any pages are missing. Enter all requested information on the top of this page, and put your initials on the top of every page, in case the pages become separated. You are allowed to take one 8.5 inch \times 11 inch sheet of notes into the exam.

Do not give numerical approximations to quantities such as $\sin 5$, π , or $\sqrt{2}$. However, you should simplify $\cos \frac{\pi}{4} = \sqrt{2}/2$, $e^0 = 1$, and so on.

The following rules apply:

- Show your work, in a reasonably neat and coherent way, in the space provided. All answers must be justified by valid mathematical reasoning, including the evaluation of definite and indefinite integrals. To receive full credit on a problem, you must show enough work so that your solution can be followed by someone without a calculator.
- Mysterious or unsupported answers will not receive full credit. Your work should be mathematically correct and carefully and legibly written.
- A correct answer, unsupported by calculations, explanation, or algebraic work will receive no credit; an incorrect answer supported by substantially correct calculations and explanations will receive partial credit.
- Full credit will be given only for work that is presented neatly and logically; work scattered all over the page without a clear ordering will receive from little to no credit.

1	25 pts	
2	35 pts	
3	35 pts	
4	30 pts	
5	35 pts	
6	30 pts	
7	30 pts	
8	25 pts	
9	30 pts	
10	25 pts	
TOTAL	300 pts	

1. (25 points) Compute an equation for the plane tangent to the graph z=f(x,y) of

$$f(x,y) = \frac{e^x}{x^2 + y^2}$$

at
$$x = 0$$
, $y = 1$, $z = f(0, 1)$.

- 2. (35 points) Consider the function $f(x,y) = (2 + \sin(xy)) e^{2y^2}$. Answer the following two questions.
 - (a) (20 points) Find all the critical points of f and classify them.

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(b) (15 points) Find the second-order Taylor approximation to f at the point (0,0) and use it to approximate f(0.1, -0.01).

3. (35 points) A particle moves with constant velocity, starting at the point (1,1,1) in outward normal direction of the surface $x^2 + 2y^2 + 2z^2 = 5$ at a speed of 3 units per second. At what time does it cross the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 19$?

4. (30 points) Let S be the closed surface enclosing the portion of the ball $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \le 1$ in the first octant $(x \ge 0, y \ge 0, z \ge 0)$ and oriented with outward unit normal. Calculate

$$\iint_{S} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{S}, \quad \text{where} \quad \mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = (-xyz, y^{2}z + x, e^{x}).$$

5. (35 points) Let $\mathbf{F}(x,y,z)=(e^x+yz,\,xz,\,xy+3z^2)$. Calculate

$$\int_{\mathbf{c}} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{s},$$

where $\mathbf{c}(t) = (\sin^3 t, \cos^5 t, \cos^7 t)$ with $0 \le t \le \pi$.

6. (30 points) Find the volume of the region given by the intersection of the cylinders $x^2 + y^2 \le 1$ and $x^2 + z^2 \le 1$.

7. (30 points) Let D be the parallelogram with vertices (-1,1), (0,0), (2,2) and (1,3). Evaluate the double integral

$$\iint_D x \, dA.$$

8. (25 points) Let $g(x, y, z) = x^3 + 5yz + z^2$ and let h(u) be a function of one variable such that h'(1) = 1/2. Let $f = h \circ g$. Starting at (1, 0, 0), in what directions is f changing at 50% of its maximum rate?

9. (30 points) Calculate

$$\int_{\mathbf{c}} (x^3y + e^z) \, dx + (y^3z + e^x) \, dy + (xe^z + xy) \, dz,$$

where $\mathbf{c}(t) = (2\cos t, 3, 2\sin t)$ with $0 \le t \le 2\pi$.

10. (25 points) Compute the area of the portion of the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ that lies between z = 0 and $z = 4 + x^2 - y^2$.