### 18.704 Problem Set 5

Due Friday, May 12, at $\mathbf{3} \mathbf{p m}$ in 2-171

## At least one of your answers must be typeset in $\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{E}} X$.

(You don't need to submit the $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{E}} \mathrm{X}$ code.)

1. Suppose $\lambda=\left(\lambda_{1}, \lambda_{2}, \ldots, \lambda_{r}\right)$ is a partition, and $\mu=\lambda^{t}$ is its conjugate partition. Show that the only way to fill in the table

|  | $\mu_{1}$ | $\mu_{2}$ | $\mu_{3}$ | $\ldots$ | $\mu_{r}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\lambda_{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\lambda_{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\lambda_{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\vdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\lambda_{s}$ |  |  |  |  |  |

with zeros and ones, so that the row sums equal the $\lambda_{i}$ and the column sums equal the $\mu_{i}$, is to "fill in the Young diagram." (Hint: Try induction on the number of rows.)
2. Suppose $\lambda$ and $\lambda^{\prime}$ are any two partitions. Recall that $\lambda \leq \lambda^{\prime}$ if and only if the following equations are true.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\lambda_{1} & \leq \lambda_{1}^{\prime} \\
\lambda_{1}+\lambda_{2} & \leq \lambda_{1}^{\prime}+\lambda_{2}^{\prime} \\
\lambda_{1}+\lambda_{2}+\lambda_{3} & \leq \lambda_{1}^{\prime}+\lambda_{2}^{\prime}+\lambda_{3}^{\prime}
\end{aligned}
$$

Sketch a proof that $\lambda \leq \lambda^{\prime}$ if and only if we can obtain the Young diagram for $\lambda$ by taking the Young diagram for $\lambda^{\prime}$ and moving boxes downwards to lower rows.
3. Suppose that we have partitions $\lambda$ and $\mu$, and that there is a way to fill in the table

|  | $\mu_{1}$ | $\mu_{2}$ | $\mu_{3}$ | $\ldots$ | $\mu_{r}$ |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\lambda_{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\lambda_{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\lambda_{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\vdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\lambda_{s}$ |  |  |  |  |  |

with zeros and ones so that the row sums are the $\lambda_{i}$ and the column sums are the $\mu_{i}$. Using the result from the last question, show that $\lambda \leq \mu^{t}$. (Hint: What happens if you push all of the 1s in the table to the left? To the top?)

